



CAROLUS XIII
ROYO Y IMPERAD

A.S. 325

No.2 of 2025

An Act Relating to the Establishment of a Formalised Method to
Appropriate Funds from the Imperial Treasury.

Given Sanction on the 31st of January, 2025



SARHOLM



Maya seo donir plisir eun Seito Majis Imperial y Stefanica, pur Seito Majis y pul y pur tel consei y sazion eui tel Parlamente eui tel Rozirre, comaria tel segeoare:

- 1. Short Title** This Act shall be known as the *Financial Appropriations Act of 325* in short.
- 2. Preamble** To better understand where money is being spent for future financial bills, henceforth to be known as *appropriation bills* or *legellos appropenni*, this Act hereby mandates necessary regulations and criteria for the expenditure, reporting and appropriate signatories for the distribution and release of any and all monetary assets by the Imperial Parliament.
- 3. The Constitution** In Section 29 of the Constitution, the House of Commons is enabled by the power of His Imperial Majesty to:

This House of Commons shall, with the consent of the Sovereign, consist of citizens of the state elected by manner of law and custom as Members of Parliament. These Members of Parliament shall represent the Sarovian people for a term no longer than three Stefanic years, and exercise the legislative power of the Sarovian state and manage the state's finances with the traditional consent of the Sovereign.

In lieu of a extensive clarification from the Courts, this Parliament holds the opinion that only the Sovereign is able to exercise the ability to alter and move the financial levers of state, especially when paired with Section 46 which claims the authority for collecting taxes and dues “*shall lay in the authority of the Sovereign.*”
- 4. Explanation of legellos appropenni** All bills that are focused around the collection of money, including taxes, tariffs, duties and other sources of income, as well as the expenditure of any monetary assets from the Consolidated Revenue Fund as laid out in the Constitution, are henceforth acknowledged to be appropriation bills, or *legellos appropenni*, commonly and informally known as money bills.

All *legellos appropenni* are exempt from any debate restrictions in the House of Commons or the Assembly of Peers, except in when the Imperial Parliament may vote to review appropriation bills in committee by majority vote. All *legellos appropenni* are considered inherent votes of confidence in the Imperial Parliament, and failure to pass results in the resignation of the Prime Minister.
- 5. Legislative text for legellos appropenni** All Appropriation Acts passed must be titled in short as *Appropriations Act of ### AS*, except for Appropriation Estimate bills, or budgets, which may be titled in any manner. Since the collection and expenditure of money from the Consolidated Revenue Fund is the prerogative of the Sovereign, all Appropriations Acts are to hereby begin with text of “*Maya seo donir plisir eun Seito Majis Imperial y Stefanica, pur Seito Majis y pul y pur tel consei y sazion eui tel Parlamente eui tel Rozirre, comaria tel segeoare...*” to be replaced with “*Maya seo donir plisir eun Seito Majis Imperial y Stefanica ziane, tes, Dis Majis Imperial suihos leal, mandir Dis Majis Imperial eun sazion tel spessennos segeoare eui Dis Parlamente...*”, or “*Now it gives pleasure to His Imperial and Stefanic Majesty that, we, Your Imperial Majesty's loyal subjects, ask*

Your Imperial Majesty to sanction the following expenses of Your Parliament...”

6. Income and Expenditures

All income into the Consolidated Revenue Fund, or any Saros that are to be added to the economy, must be recorded in the *royinnio tressore*, or the Treasury Record. All Ministers can request Saros, which have been allocated in Appropriation Bills for their Ministry or for similar tasks as outlined in legislation, through the *royinnio tressore*.

No expenditure can be approved without the explicit consent of the President of the Treasury Board signing off on the expenditure, alongside the signature of the Minister whose department its release is meant for if the individual who requested the money is not from the benefitting ministry. No money may be released until the explicit signature of the President of the Treasury Board is displayed.